

HW 15.2 #7, 11, 16, 24, 30, 33, 36

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MATH 32A Section 1A

5-20 Find the limit, if it exists, or show that the limit does not exist.

7. $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2}{x^2 + y^2}$ • $y = mx$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2}{x^2 + mx^2} = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2}{x^2(1+m)} = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{1}{1+m}$$

$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2}{x^2 + y^2}$ DNE

11. $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$ • $y = mx$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 m}{\sqrt{x^2 + m^2 x^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + m^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2 + m^2 x^2}} = \frac{x^2 m \sqrt{x^2 + m^2 x^2}}{x^2 + m^2 x^2} = \frac{x m \sqrt{x^2 + m^2 x^2}}{x + m}$$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x m \sqrt{x^2 + m^2 x^2}}{x + m} = \frac{x m \sqrt{x^2(1 + m^2)}}{x + m} = \frac{x m x \sqrt{1 + m^2}}{x + m} = \frac{x^2 m \sqrt{1 + m^2}}{x + m}$$

squeeze theorem $0 \leq \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \leq \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy}{x} = 0$

16. $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy^4}{x^2 + y^8}$ • $y = mx$

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x(m^4 x^4)}{x^2 + (m^4 x^4)^2} = \frac{x^5 m^4}{x^2(1 + m^8 x^6)} = \frac{x^3 m^4}{1 + m^8 x^6}$$

• squeeze theorem $0 \leq \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy^4}{x^2 + y^8} \leq \frac{xy^4}{y^8} = \frac{x}{y^4}$

• $x = my^2$ $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{my^2 y^4}{(my^2)^2 + y^8} = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{my^6}{m^2 y^4 + y^8} = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{my^6}{y^4(m^2 + y^4)} = \frac{my^2}{m^2 + y^4}$

• $x = my^4$ $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{my^4 y^4}{(my^4)^2 + y^8} = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{my^8}{m^2 y^8 + y^8} = \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{my^8}{y^8(m^2 + 1)} = \frac{m}{m^2 + 1}$

$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy^4}{x^2 + y^8}$ DNE

23-24 Find $h(x, y) = g(f(x, y))$ and the set on which h is continuous.

24. $g(t) = \frac{\sqrt{t} - 1}{\sqrt{t} + 1}$, $f(x, y) = x^2 - y$

$$g(f(x, y)) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - y} - 1}{\sqrt{x^2 - y} + 1}$$

$x^2 - y \geq 0$ $\sqrt{x^2 - y} + 1 \neq 0$

$$x^2 - y^2 \geq 0$$

$$\boxed{\{(x, y) \mid x^2 \geq y^2\}}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - y^2} + 1 \neq 0$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - y^2} \neq -1 \quad \text{will never be 0}$$

27-36 ■ Determine the set of points at which the function is continuous.

30. $F(x, y) = e^{x^2y} + \sqrt{x + y^2}$

$$\boxed{\{(x, y) \mid x + y^2 \geq 0\}}$$

33. $f(x, y, z) = \frac{\sqrt{y}}{x^2 - y^2 + z^2}$

$$\boxed{\{(x, y, z) \mid x^2 + z^2 \neq y^2, y \geq 0\}}$$

36. $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{x^2 + xy + y^2} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$

$$\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} \frac{xy}{x^2 + xy + y^2} = \lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} \frac{xy}{(x + y)^2}$$

$$\boxed{\{(x, y) \mid (x, y) \neq (0, 0)\}}$$

$$\cdot y = mx \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 m}{x^2 + x^2 m + (mx)^2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 m}{x^2 (1 + m + m^2)} = \frac{m}{1 + m + m^2} \quad \text{DNE}$$