

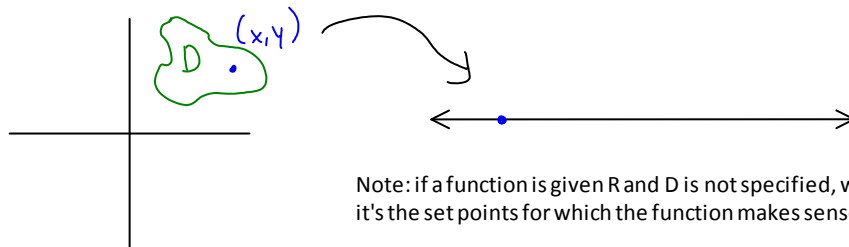
Notes: 15.1 Functions of Several Variables

Monday, July 16, 2007
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Question: What is a function?

- A function consists of 3 things:
 - Domain space
 - All the things you can plug into the function
 - Image space
 - outcome
 - Rule
- Ex: $f(x) = \sin x$
 - Image space are real numbers, domain space are real numbers.
- In a function of several variables, the domain space will be $\mathbb{R}^2, \mathbb{R}^3, \mathbb{R}^n$. The image space is still real numbers.
- **Example:** Volume of a cylinder is $V = \pi r^2 h$
We think of this as a function of 2 variables.
 $V(r, h) = \pi r^2 h$
Domain space is \mathbb{R}^2
Image space is \mathbb{R}

Definition: A function of 2 variables is a rule that assigns each ordered pair (x, y) in a set D a real number $f(x, y)$.

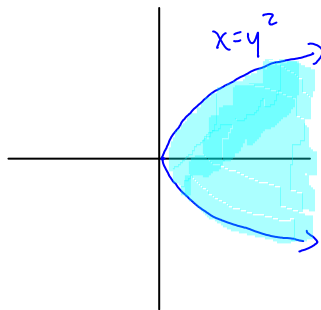


Example: $f(x, y) = x \ln(x - y^2)$

Find the domain:

$$D: \{(x, y) \mid x - y^2 > 0\}$$

Sketch the domain:



Example: Wind Chill $w(T, v)$ T =temperature V =wind speed

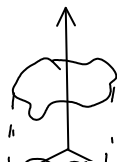
	wind speed		
v/t	5	10	15
5	4	3	2
0	-1	-3	-4
-5	-7	-9	-11

What is $W(5, 10)$? What does it mean?

$$W(5, 10) = 3$$

This means that if the temperature is 5°C and the wind speed is 10 mph, then it feels like it is 3°C .

Graphs: If f is a function of 2 variables with domain D , then the graph of f is the set of ordered triples (x, y, z) in \mathbb{R}^3 such that $z = f(x, y)$ and $((x, y) \in D)$

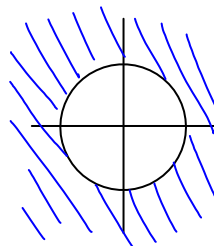




Example: $g(x,y) = \sqrt{9-x^2-y^2}$

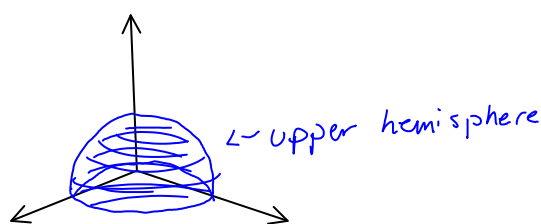
1. Find and sketch domain
2. Find the range
3. Sketch the graph

1. $D: \{(x,y): 9-x^2-y^2 \geq 0\}$
 $\uparrow \downarrow$
 $x^2+y^2 \leq 9$



2. Range $\{z: 0 \leq z \leq 3\}$
 Is there (x,y) $g(x,y)=0$?
 $(0,3)$
 $(0,0)$

3. Set $z = f(x,y)$
 $z = \sqrt{9-x^2-y^2}$
 $z^2 = 9-x^2-y^2$
 $x^2+y^2+z^2 = 9$



Example: Sketch the graph of $f(x,y) = 6-3x-2y$

$$z = 6-3x-2y$$

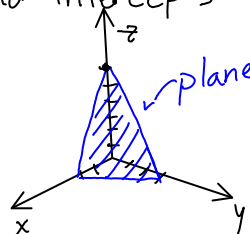
$$3x+2y+z=6$$

To graph planes find intercepts

$$x\text{-int} = (2,0,0)$$

$$y\text{-int} = (0,3,0)$$

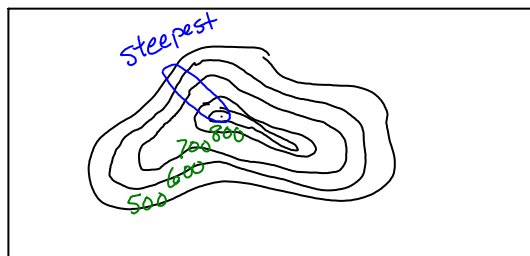
$$z\text{-int} = (0,0,6)$$



Level Curves:

Definition: The level curves of a function of 2 variables are the curves with equation $f(x,y) = k$, where k is a constant in the range of f .

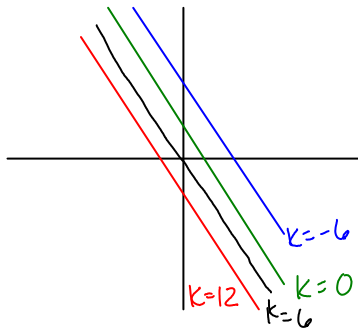
Example: Topographical maps



Example: Sketch the level curves for $f(x,y) = 6-3x-2y$ for $k = -6, 0, 6, 12$

Definition says set $f(x,y) = k$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. \quad & 6 - 3x - 2y = -6 \Rightarrow 3x + 2y = 12 \\
 2. \quad & 6 - 3x - 2y = 0 \Rightarrow \\
 & 6 - 3x - 2y = 6 \\
 & 6 - 3x - 2y = 12
 \end{aligned}$$

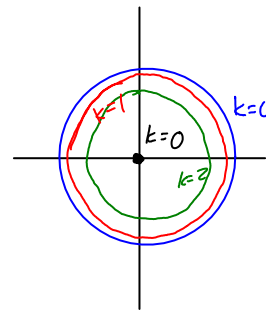


Example: sketch the level curves of $g(x,y) = \sqrt{9 - x^2 - y^2}$

$$k = 0, 1, 2, 3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k=0 \quad & \sqrt{9 - x^2 - y^2} = 0 \\
 & 9 - x^2 - y^2 = 0 \\
 & x^2 + y^2 = 9
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k=1 \quad & x^2 + y^2 = 8 \approx 2.828 \\
 k=2 \quad & x^2 + y^2 = \sqrt{5} \approx 2.236 \\
 k=3 \quad & x^2 + y^2 = 0
 \end{aligned}$$



Functions of Three or More Variables:

Platonic solids



5 platonic solids in 3-D

$$f(x,y,z) = \ln(z-y) + x\sqrt{y} \sin z$$

What is domain?

$$D = \{(x,y,z) : z-y > 0 \text{ \& } y \geq 0\}$$